- 6 \$63,750 \$25,000 = \$38,750 loss; and
- 7 $$38,750 \times 100 \text{ percent} = $38,750 \text{ indemnity payment.}$
- (c) The total production to count (in pounds) from all insurable acreage on the unit will include:
 - (1) All appraised production as follows:
- (i) Not less than the production guarantee for acreage:
- (A) That is abandoned;
- (B) Put to another use without our consent;
- (C) Damaged solely by uninsured causes; or(D) For which you fail to provide production records;
- (ii) Unharvested production (mature unharvested production may be adjusted for quality deficiencies and excess moisture in accordance with section 13(d));
- (iii) Potential production on insured acreage that you intend to put to another use or abandon, if you and we agree on the appraised amount of production. Upon such agreement, the insurance period for that acreage will end when you put the acreage to another use or abandon the crop. If agreement on the appraised amount of production is not reached:
- (A) If you do not elect to continue to care for the crop, we may give you consent to put the acreage to another use if you agree to leave intact, and provide sufficient care for, representative samples of the crop in locations acceptable to us (The amount of production to count for such acreage will be based on the harvested production or appraisals from the samples at the time harvest should have occurred. If you do not leave the required samples intact, or fail to provide sufficient care for the samples, our appraisal made prior to giving you consent to put the acreage to another use will be used to determine the amount of production to count); or
- (B) If you elect to continue to care for the crop, the amount of production to count for the acreage will be the harvested production, or our reappraisal if additional damage occurs and the crop is not harvested;
- (2) All harvested production from the insurable acreage in the unit;
- (3) All harvested and appraised production lost or damaged by uninsured causes; and
- (4) For processor contracts that stipulate the amount of production to be delivered, all harvested popcorn production from any other insurable unit that has been used to fulfill your processor contract applicable to this unit.
- (5) Any production from yellow or white dent corn will be counted as popcorn on a weight basis and any production harvested from plants growing in the insured crop may be counted as popcorn production on a weight basis.

- (6) Any ear production for which we cannot determine a shelling factor will be considered to have an 80 percent shelling factor.
- (d) Mature popcorn may be adjusted for excess moisture and quality deficiencies. If moisture adjustment is applicable, it will be made prior to any adjustment for quality.
- (1) Production will be reduced by 0.12 percent for each 0.1 percentage point for moisture in excess of 15 percent. We may obtain samples of the production to determine the moisture content.
- (2) Popcorn production will be eligible for quality adjustment if, due to an insurable cause of loss that occurs within the insurance period, it is not merchantable popcorn and is rejected by the processor. The production will be adjusted by:
- (i) Dividing the value per pound of the damaged popcorn by the base contract price per pound for undamaged popcorn; and
- (ii) Multiplying the result by the number of pounds of such popcorn.

14. Late Planting

Late planting provisions in the Basic Provisions are applicable for popcorn if you provide written approval from the processor by the acreage reporting date that it will accept the production from the late planted acres when it is expected to be ready for harvest.

15. Prevented Planting

Your prevented planting coverage will be 60 percent of your production guarantee for timely planted acreage. If you have limited or additional levels of coverage, as specified in 7 CFR part 400, subpart T, and pay an additional premium, you may increase your prevented planting coverage to a level specified in the actuarial documents.

[63 FR 33838, June 22, 1998]

§ 457.127 Forage Production Winter Coverage Endorsement.

The provisions of the Forage Production Winter Coverage Endorsement for the 1998 and succeeding crop years are as follows:

Department of Agriculture

FEDERAL CROP INSURANCE CORPORATION

Forage Production Winter Coverage Endorsement

In return for payment of the additional premium designated in the actuarial table, the Common Crop Insurance Policy Basic Provisions (§457.8) and the Forage Production Crop Insurance Provisions (§457.117) are

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amended to incorporate the following terms and conditions:

- (a) For this Endorsement to be effective, you must have the Common Crop Insurance Policy Basic Provisions (§457.8) and the Forage Production Crop Insurance Provisions (§457.117) in force and you must comply with all terms and conditions contained therein.
- (b) This Endorsement is not available for forage crops insured under a Catastrophic Risk Protection Endorsement.
- (c) You must elect this Endorsement on your application or on a form approved by us, for coverage under this Endorsement, on or before the sales closing date specified in the Special Provisions for the crop year in which you wish to insure your forage under this Endorsement.
- (d) This Endorsement is available for the following acreage in all counties for which the actuarial table designates forage production premium rates:
- (1) Fall planted acreage, for the first and subsequent crop years following the year of establishment; and
- (2) Spring planted acreage, for the second and subsequent crop years following the year of establishment.
- (e) Under this Endorsement, the insurance period will be as follows:
- (1) Insurance will attach on acreage with an adequate stand on the later of the date we accept your application or the applicable calendar dates following the end of the insurance period for the previous crop year as listed below:
- (i) For all states except California—October 16:
 - (ii) For California—January 1;
 - (2) Insurance will end on the earliest of:
- (i) Total destruction of the forage crop;
- (ii) Removal from the windrow or the field for each cutting:
 - (iii) Final adjustment of the loss;
 - (iv) Abandonment of the forage crop;
- (v) The date grazing commences on the forage crop; or
- (vi) The following dates of the crop year:
- (A) All states except California—October 15;
 - (B) California—December 31.
- (f) This is a continuous Endorsement and it will remain in effect for as long as your forage production policy remains in effect or you cancel this coverage in accordance with paragraph (g).
- (g) This Endorsement may be canceled by either you or us for any succeeding crop year by giving written notice on or before the cancellation date preceding the crop year for which the cancellation of this Endorsement is to be effective.

[62 FR 14287, Mar. 26, 1997]

§ 457.128 Guaranteed production plan of fresh market tomato crop insurance provisions.

The Guaranteed Production Plan of Fresh Market Tomato Crop Insurance

FCIC Policies

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Federal Crop Insurance Corporation

Reinsured Policies

(Appropriate title for insurance provider) Both FCIC and reinsured policies:

Guarantee Production Plan of Fresh Market Tomato Crop Provisions

If a conflict exists among the policy provisions, the order of priority is as follows: (1) The Catastrophic Risk Protection Endorsement, if applicable; (2) the Special Provisions; (3) these Crop Provisions; and (4) the Basic Provisions with (1) controlling (2), etc.

1. Definitions

Acre—Forty-three thousand five hundred sixty (43,560) square feet of land when row widths do not exceed six feet, or if row widths exceed six feet, the land area on which at least 7,260 linear feet of rows are planted.

Carton—A container that contains 25 pounds of fresh tomatoes unless otherwise provided in the Special Provisions.

Direct marketing—Sale of the insured crop directly to consumers without the intervention of an intermediary such as a wholesaler, retailer, packer, processor, shipper or buyer. Examples of direct marketing include selling through an on-farm or roadside stand, farmer's market, and permitting the general public to enter the field for the purpose of picking all or a portion of the crop.

First fruit set—The date when 30 percent of the plants on the unit have produced fruit that has reached a minimum size of one inch in diameter.

Harvest—Picking of marketable tomatoes.

Mature green tomato—A tomato that:

- (a) Has a heightened gloss due to a waxy skin that cannot be torn by scraping;
- (b) Has a well-formed jelly-like substance in the locules;
- (c) Has seeds that are sufficiently hard so they are pushed aside and not cut by a sharp knife in slicing; and

(d) Shows no red color.

Planting—Transplanting the tomato plants into the field.

Planting period—The time period designated in the Special Provisions during which the tomatoes must be planted to be insured as either spring-or fall-planted tomatoes.